



THE RELATIONSHIP OF FAMILY SUPPORT WITH ADVANCED IMMUNIZATION COMPLETENESS DPT-HB-Hib (PENTAVALENT) IN TODDLER IN LUMBAN HEALTH CENTER, JULU DISTRICT TOBA SAMOSIR NORTH SUMATRA YEAR 2023

Lestari Sinaga¹, Eka Purnamasari², Siska Suci Triana Ginting³, Nopalina Suyanti Damanik⁴, Nurdella Syahputri⁵, Cici Sundari⁶

1-6 STIKes Mitra Husada Medan

Email: tariiesinaga11@gmail.com, ekapurnamaa36@gmail.com, sergiojayden86@gmail.com, nopalinasuyanti@gmail.com, nurdellasyahputridella@gmail.com, cicisundarisamsunga7@gmail.com, cicisundarisamsunga7@gmail.com)

ABSTRACT

Based on report UNICEF mention that 19.5 million child toddlers around the world yet get service immunization complete. As a result, 2-3 million death, and 30% death consequence possible disease _ prevented with immunization . On average in ASIAN countries 89% received immunization. There are approximately 32,007 deaths per year including caused by possible diseases _ prevented with immunizations , such as Diphtheria , Tetanus, Tubercolosis, Polio, Measles and Pertussis (UNICEF, 2019). In 2014-2016, there were 1,716,659 children who did not get immunization and immunization No complete. Every year more of 1.4 million children in the world die Because various actual disease _ can prevented with immunization. So activities immunization expanded into a Development Program Immunization (PPI) in frame prevention transmission to a number of Possible Diseases _ Prevented with Immunization (VPD), ie Tuberculosis, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Measles, Polio, Tetanus, Hepatitis-B, and Pneumonia (Riskesdas, 2018). Study This aim For For analyzing " Relationships Support Family With Completeness Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) in Toddlers at Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023. Population in study This is all mother who has child the toddler did visit Immunization Advanced 31 people received -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) at the Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra. taking sample using total sampling. Instrument research used _ researcher in data collection is questionnaire.retrieval sample using total sampling. Instrument research used _ researcher in data collection is questionnaire. Results analysis statistics test *chi square* obtained p value: $0.044 < \alpha$: 0.05 so that Ho is rejected and Ha is accepted, namely there is a relationship between family support and the completeness of Dpt-Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) advanced immunization for toddlers at the Lumban Julu Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023.

Keywords: Immunization, Toddlers, Support family





INTRODUCTION

Immunization involves introducing weak antigens to stimulate antibodies so that the body can be resistant to certain diseases. Advanced immunization is a repetition of basic immunization to maintain the level of immunity and to extend the protection period of children who have received basic immunization. Repeat immunization (booster) means providing immunity after basic immunization (Atikah Proverawati, 2019).

Based on the latest WHO data to date, the death rate for children under five due to diseases that can be prevented by immunization is still relatively high. There are 1.4 million under-five deaths per year, in Indonesia the incidence of under-five pneumonia is (18.85%). This shows that the results are far below the target, where the target is 90%. Under-five mortality rate (AKABA) is the number of children who die before reaching the age of 5 years expressed as a rate per 1,000 live births (WHO, 2018).

UNICEF said that 19.5 million children under five around the world have complete received immunization services. As a result, 2 -3 million deaths, and 30% of deaths due to diseases that can be prevented by immunization. On average in **ASIAN** countries 89% receive immunization. There are around 32,007 deaths per year including those caused by diseases that can be prevented by immunization, such as Diphtheria, Tetanus, Tubercolosis, Polio, Measles and Pertussis (UNICEF, 2019).

The husband's role in supporting successful breastfeeding can begin during pregnancy, namely by increasing readiness to face the birthing process. The husband has the role of providing support and calm for mothers who are breastfeeding, such as acting as a liaison in breastfeeding by bringing the baby to the mother, because that way the baby can know that the father is a bridge for him in getting food. Apart from playing a role in meeting clothing and food needs, husbands also play a role in helping the wife's tasks run smoothly, such as changing diapers or providing support when breastfeeding by massaging the wife's back (Astutik, 2017).

METHOD

This research is an analytical observational study using a cross sectional design. This research aims to analyze "The Relationship between Family Support and Advanced Dpt-Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) Immunization Completeness for Toddlers at the Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023".

The population in this study were all mothers with children under five who made 31 Advanced Dpt-Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) Immunization visits to the Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra.





person. Sampling uses total sampling. Instrument research used _ researcher in data collection is questionnaire.

Secondary data includes descriptive data location study namely data about Lumban Julu Community Health Center , Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023, including geographic data , demographics , number mother who has 18 month old baby , supporting immunization data analysis from primary data .

Data collection was carried out with use questionnaire and **KIA** book is something tool data Questionnaire collection carried out with distribute a list of questions in the form of form, submitted in a way written to respondents For get response, information, answer and so on. Analysis univariate used For obtain description distribution frequency variables studied . _ Analysis bivariate done with using the chi-square test with level significance $\alpha = 0.05$. If p value < 0.05 then Ho is rejected and if p value > 0.05 then Ho fails rejected.

According assumption to researcher support family is one of factor important For completeness immunization Because support family will encourage parents _ For do possible immunization _ protect children _ _ or adults _ For oppose disease dangerous infection . _ Support family realized with give support information, support assessment / reward, instrumental support and support emotional empathy. Support family can realized with

give attention, attitude empathy, giving encouragement, giving advice, giving knowledge and so on.

Based on results interview researcher with officer health that is midwife, inside give counseling, members family has invited For follow as well as For information about **Immunization** Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) but they often No attend it . Possible phenomenon this is what happened reason Why support informational influential to giving Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) but own negative value. That enhancement giving support informational to giving Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) will lower giving Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) at Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra or in other words have small chance _ For improved .

Husada Medan

. _





RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Based on activity study obtained results as following:

Analysis Univariate

Distribution of Respondent Characteristics at Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023

No	Karak	Respon	Frequ	Percenta
110	teristic	dent		
<u>-</u>		dent	ency	ge (%)
	Age			
1	21-35 years		1 8	58.1
	old			
2	> 35 years		13	41.9
	Education			
1	Junior High		6	19.4
	School			
2	Senior High	1	20	64.5
	School			
3	College		5	16.1
	Work			
1	IRT		7	22.6
${2}$	Self-		24	77.4
_	employed		7.1	7
Tot	al		31	100.0
			_	

Based on the results of univariate analysis, it shows that the characteristics of respondents based on the age of the majority in the interval range of 21-35 years amounted to 18 people (58.1%), the majority of respondents' education was high school at 20 people (64.5%) and the majority of respondents' occupation was self-employed at 24 people (77.0%).

Distribution of Frequency of Providing Advanced Dpt-Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) Immunization to Toddlers at Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir

	Giving	Fr	Perce
o	Immunization	equenc	ntage (%)
	Advanced Dpt-y		
	Hb-Hib		
	(Pentavalent)		
	Incomplete _	_ 2	64.5
	_	0	
	Complete	1	35.5
		1	
	Total	3	100.0
		1	

14

Regency, North Sumatra in 2023.

Based on univariate analysis, it shows that in the frequency distribution of Dpt-Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) follow-up immunization, the majority were incomplete at 20 people (64.5%) and the minority who received complete follow-up immunization was 11 people (35.5%).

Distribution Frequency Support Family With Completeness Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) in Toddlers at Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023

No	Family Support With Giving Advanced Dpt- Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) immunization	Frequ ency	Percentag e (%)		
1	Not enough	1 3	41.9		
2	Enough	11	35 .5		
3	Good	7	22.6		
6	Total	31	100		

Based on results analysis univariate show that distribution frequency support family about giving immunization measles in the village Sihitang Subdistrict Padangsidimpuan Tenggara In 2019 the majority not enough that is amounting to 13 people (41.9%) and the minority got it support family with Good reached 7 people (22.6%).





BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

1.Relationship Support Family With Completeness Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) in Toddlers at Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023

	Family support	Giving Dpt-Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) Advanced Immunization						
No		No Complap		Total	%	p value		
		Compl	ete			_		
		N	%	n	%			
1	Not enough	11	35.5	2	6.5	13	100.0	
2	Enough	7	22.6	4	12.9	11	100.0	*0.0 44
3	Good	2	6.5	5	16.1	7	100.0	
	Amount	20	64.5	11	36.5	31	100	

Test Analysis $p < \alpha \alpha = 0.05$

From table seen of 13 people with knowledge not enough there were 11 people (35.5%) who did not complete immunization advanced and 2 people (6.5%) complete immunization advanced, knowledgeable Enough there were 11 people who didn't complete immunization advanced there were 7 people (22.6%) and 4 people complete (12.9%), and those with knowledge Good there are 7 people who don't complete immunization continued 2 people (6.5%) and complete immunization continued 5 people (16.1%).

Analysis results chi square test statistics were obtained p value : $0.044 < \alpha$: 0.05 so Ho is rejected and Ha is accepted that is There is Connection Support Family With Completeness Immunization Advanced Receive -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) in toddlers at the Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023.

According to assumption researcher support family is one of factor important

For completeness immunization Because support family will push parent _ For do possible immunization _ protect children _ or adults _ For oppose disease dangerous infection . _ Support family realized with give support information , support assessment / reward , instrumental support and support emotional / empathy. Support family can realized with give attention , attitude empathy , giving encouragement , giving advice, giving knowledge and so on

Based on results interview researcher with officer health that is midwife, inside give counseling, members family has invited For follow as well as For get information about Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) but they often No attend it . Possible phenomenon this is what happened reason Whv support informational influential giving to Immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) but own negative value. enhancement giving That support informational to





giving Immunization Advanced Dpt - Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) will lower giving Immunization Advanced Dpt - Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) at Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra or in other words have small chance _ For improved .

CONCLUSION

Based on results research that has been done, then can concluded that:

- 1. Characteristics of respondents age majority is at 18 people (48.6 %) were in the 21-35 interval, education respondents 20 people (54.1%) were high school and employment majority self-employed as many as 24 people (64.9%).
- 2.Family Support majority are in the category not enough as many as 13 people (35.1%) and level minority respondents are in the category Good as many as 7 people (18.9%).
- 3. Providing immunizations advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) majority are in the category No complete as many as 20 people (54.1) and level minority respondents are in the category complete as many as 11 people (29.7%).
- 4. Analysis results chi square test statistics were obtained p value : $0.044 < \alpha$: 0.05 so Ho is rejected and Ha is accepted that is There is Connection Support Family With Completeness Immunization Advanced Receive -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) in toddlers at the Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra in 2023.

For increase knowledge Mother about immunization Advanced Dpt -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) is expected to be more the more routine do counseling direct to public besides using print media as well as external media room about benefit immunization measles to increase add outlook

public to immunization so that achievements immunization Advanced Get -Hb-Hib (Pentavalent) at the Lumban Julu Community Health Center, Toba Samosir Regency, North Sumatra . achieved according to target.

REFERENCE

Acharya, P. et al. (2018) 'Individual And Community Level Determinants of Child Immunization in The Democratic Republic of Congo: A Multilevel Analysis', PLoS ONE,13(8), pp. 1–17. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0202742.

Aswan, Y. and Simamora, FA (2020)
'Factors That Influence Basic
Immunization Status in Children
Aged 12 -24 Months', Journal
PANNMED Scientific
(Pharmacist, Analyst, Nurse,
Nutrition, Midwifery,
Environment, Dentist), 15(1), pp.
7–12. doi: 10.36911/pannmed.v
15i1.640.

Amir, A., Nursalim, N., & Widyansyah, A. (2018). Influencing Factors Providing Breast Milk to Neonatal Babies at Rsia Pertiwi Makassar. Food Nutrition Media, 25(1), 47. https://doi.org/10.32382/mgp.v2 5i1.59

Astutik , RY (2017). Breasts and Lactation . Salemba Medika.

BKKBN (2020) ' Ideal Age for Marriage prevent Maternal Mortality and Stunting Babies', Directorate Surveillance, Immunization, Quarantine and Matra Health. 2017. Introduction Technical Instructions DPT-HB-Hib (Pentavalent) Immunization in Infants and Implementation





- Cijoro Lebak 2018. Medikes (Health Information Media), 265-272. Immunization Continued in Toddlers. Jakarta
- Efriani , R., & Astuti, DA (2020). Connection age and occupation Mother breast-feed with exclusive breastfeeding . _ Journal Obstetrics , 9(2),153. https://doi.org/10.26714/jk.9.2.2 020.153-162
- Ervina, A., & Ismalita , W. (2018).

 Connection Parity with exclusive breastfeeding for babies aged 712 months. Journal Scientia
 Obstretika , 6(1), 170–178.

 https://ejurnal.latansamashiro.ac
 .id/index.php/OBS/article/view/
 354
- Fitriani, E. (2017) Influencing Factors
 Accuracy Giving Basic
 Immunization in the Tanjung
 Seloka Nursing Health Center
 Working Area Regency New city
 2017. Health Polytechnic
 Ministry of Health Yogyakarta.
- Gualu, T. and Dilie, A. (2017) 'Vaccination Coverage and Associated Factors among Children Aged 12–23 Months in Debre Markos Town, Amhara Regional State, Ethiopia', Advances in Public Health, 2017,pp. 1–6. doi: 10.1155/2017/5352847.
- Husnida, N., Iswanti, T., & Tansah, A. (2019). Relationship Between Support Family With Completeness **Basic Immunization** in the Rangkasbitung Village Community Health Center Working Area
- IDAI. 2017. The highest outbreak of diphtheria in Indonesia in the world. Article. https://news.detik.com. March 23 2018 (15.10) BKKBN.

- IDAI (2018) About World Immunization Week 2018.
- Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia (2017) 'Regulation of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Indonesia No. 12 of 2017 Concerning Maintenance Immunization', in.
- Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia (2018a) ' Indonesia Health Profile 2017', in Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia, p. 496. doi: 10.1002/ qi.
- Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia (2018b) Situation Measles and Rubella in Indonesia.
- Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia (2019a) Immunization Complete Healthy Indonesia, Directorate General Prevention and Control Diseases Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia.
- Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia (2019b) ' Indonesia Health Profile 2019', in Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia.

 Ministry of Health of the Republic of
 - Indonesia (2018) ' InfoDatin
 Tuberculosis', in Ministry of
 Health of the Republic of
 Indonesia. Available at: https
 ://www.depkes.go.id/article/vie
 w/18030500005/waspadai
 - increase in infectious diseases.html%0Ahttp://www.de pkes.go.id/article/view/1707070 0004/pro gram-indonesia-sehat-dengan-besartan-famili.html.
 - Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia (2020) 'Bulletin VPD Surveillance & Immunization ', pp. 11–11.
 - Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia. (2020). Indonesian Health





- Profile 2019. In Indonesian Ministry of Health . Indonesian Ministry of Health .
- Kusumayanti , N., & Nindya , TS (2018).

 Connection Husband Support
 With Providing Exclusive
 Breastfeeding In Rural Areas .
 Indonesian Nutrition Media,
 12(2), 98.
 https://doi.org/10.20473/mgi.v1
 2i2.98-106
- Kinasih , P. (2017). Influence Support Family To Providing Exclusive Breast Milk at the Wonosari I District Health Center Gunungkidul 2017 .
- Ministry of Health . 2017. Indonesian Health Profile 2016. In -Published Catalog . Indonesian Ministry of Health. Jakarta
- Ministry of Health . 2018. Books Information and Education Immunization Continued in Children, Jakarta
- Kuntari P. 2017. The Relationship between Mother's Employment Status and Timeliness of Delivery Immunization Pentavalent and Measles Continued on Toddlers at Paliyan Community Health Center . Midwife Educator Study Program Diploma Level IV. Faculty Health Sciences University of Aisyiyah Yogyakarta. www.digilib.unisayogya.ac.id. March 28 2018 (16.30)
- Wulansari, & Nadjib , M. (2019).

 Determinant Scope Complete
 Basic Immunization for Family
 Hope Program Recipients .

 Journal Indonesian Health
 Economics , 1-9.
- Lumbantoruan , M. (2018). Connection Characteristics of Breastfeeding Mothers with Providing exclusive breast milk to babies in

- Bangun Rejo Village, Dusun 1, Tanjung Morawa District 2018. Maternal and Neonatal Journal, 3(1), 13–22.
- Mamangkey, S. J. F. (2018). Connection Support Family With Providing Exclusive Breastfeeding to Babies at the Ranotana Weru Community Health Center. 6.
- Notoatmodjo . (2018). Methodology Health Research . Rineka Cipta.
- Tumangger, F. (2020). Related Factors With Providing Exclusive Breastfeeding In the Working Area of the health center, Medan Tembung District, 2019.

23

Husada Medan